

## Circles Test Review

Use the information provided to write the equation of each circle in STANDARD FORM

- 1) Center:
- $(0, 0)$

Radius:  $7\sqrt{7}$ 

$$x^2 + y^2 = 343$$

- 2) Center:
- $(-7, 4)$

Radius: 6

$$(x+7)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 36$$

- 3) Center:
- $(6, -11)$

Area:  $9\pi$ 

$$9\pi = \pi r^2$$

$$r = 3$$

- 4) Center:
- $(-8, -2)$

Area:  $25\pi$ 

$$25\pi = \pi r^2$$

$$r = 5$$

$$(x-6)^2 + (y+11)^2 = 9$$

$$(x+8)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 25$$

- 5) Center:
- $(14, 8)$

Circumference:  $4\pi$ 

$$4\pi = 2\pi r$$

$$r = 2$$

$$(x-14)^2 + (y+8)^2 = 4$$

- 6) Center:
- $\left(\sqrt{182}, \frac{31}{2}\right)$

Circumference:  $6\pi$ 

$$6\pi = 2\pi r$$

$$r = 3$$

$$(x-\sqrt{182})^2 + (y-\frac{31}{2})^2 = 9$$

- 7) Center:  $(3, 10)$   
Point on Circle:  $(2, 3)$

$$r = \sqrt{(2-3)^2 + (3-10)^2} \\ = \sqrt{1+49} = \sqrt{50}$$

$$(x-3)^2 + (y-10)^2 = 50$$

- 8) Center:  $(-6, -15)$   
Point on Circle:  $(-8, -14)$

$$r = \sqrt{(-8-(-6))^2 + (-14-(-15))^2} \\ = \sqrt{4+1} = \sqrt{5}$$

$$(x+6)^2 + (y+15)^2 = 5$$

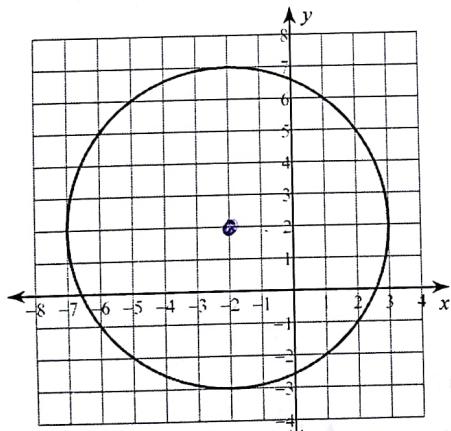
- 9) Ends of a diameter:  $(13, 10)$  and  $(1, -10)$

$$\text{Center} = \left( \frac{13+1}{2}, \frac{10+(-10)}{2} \right) \\ = (7, 0)$$

$$r = \sqrt{(7-13)^2 + (0-10)^2} \\ = \sqrt{36+100} = \sqrt{136}$$

$$(x-7)^2 + y^2 = 136$$

11)



$$C: (-2, 2) \\ r = 5$$

$$(x+2)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 25$$

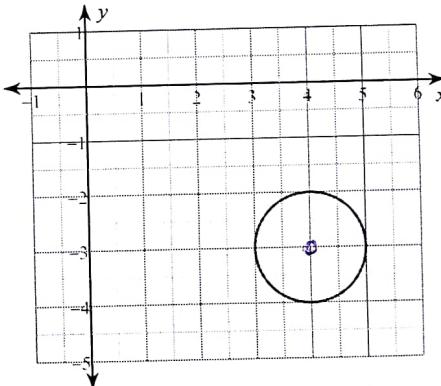
- 10) Ends of a diameter:  $(-6, -5)$  and  $(-14, -3)$

$$\text{Center} = \left( \frac{-6+(-14)}{2}, \frac{-5+(-3)}{2} \right) \\ = (-10, -4)$$

$$r = \sqrt{(-10-(-6))^2 + (-4-(-5))^2} \\ = \sqrt{16+1} = \sqrt{17}$$

$$(x+10)^2 + (y+4)^2 = 17$$

12)



$$C: (4, -3) \\ r = 1$$

$$(x-4)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 1$$

**Use the information provided to write the equation of each circle in GENERAL FORM**

- 13) Center:  $(-2, 9)$   
Radius: 7

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (x+2)^2 + (y-9)^2 = 49 \\
 & (x+2)(x+2) \quad (y-9)(y-9) \\
 & x^2 + 2x + 2x + 4 + y^2 - 9y - 9y + 81 = 49 \\
 & \boxed{x^2 + y^2 + 4x - 18y + 36 = 0}
 \end{aligned}$$

- 14) Center:  $(-10, 15)$   
Radius:  $\sqrt{11}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (x+10)^2 + (y-15)^2 = 11 \\
 & (x+16)(x+10) \quad (y-15)(y-15) \\
 & x^2 + 10x + 10x + 100 + y^2 - 15y - 15y + 225 = 11 \\
 & \boxed{x^2 + y^2 + 20x - 30y + 314 = 0}
 \end{aligned}$$

**Use the information provided to write the equation of each circle.**

- 15) Ends of a diameter:  $(13, -9)$  and  $(-17, 1)$

$$A) (x + 3)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 250$$

B)  $(x + 2)^2 + (y + 4)^2 = 62500$

$$\text{C)} \quad (x+2)^2 + (y+4)^2 = 250$$

D)  $(x - 4)^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 250$

$$\text{Center: } \left( \frac{13+17}{2}, \frac{-9+1}{2} \right)$$

$$(-2, -4)$$

$$t = \sqrt{(-2-13)^2 + (-4-9)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{225 + 25}$$

$$= \sqrt{250}$$

- 16) Center:  $(11, -13)$

Point on Circle:  $(9, -15)$

A)  $(x - 13)^2 + (y - 10)^2 = 8$

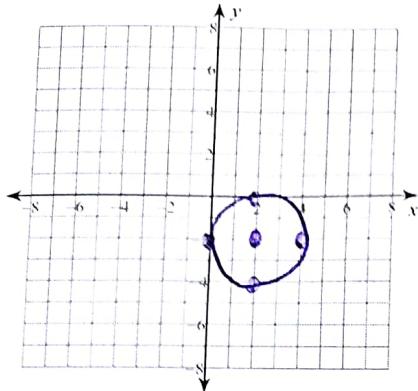
$$\text{B) } (x - 13)^2 + (y - 11)^2 = 8$$

C)  $\sqrt{(x - 11)^2 + (y + 13)^2} = 8$

D)  $(x + 13)^2 + (y + 11)^2 = 8$

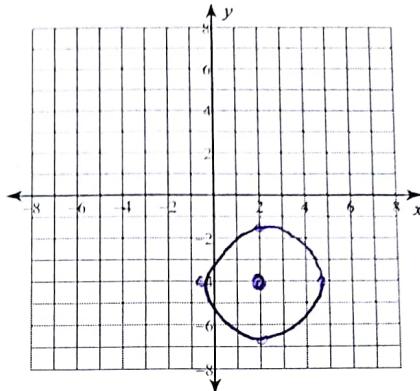
Identify the center and radius of each. Then sketch the graph.

17)  $(x - 2)^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 4$



$$C: (2, -2) \quad r = 2$$

18)  $(x - 2)^2 + (y + 4)^2 = 8$



$$C: (2, -4) \quad r = \sqrt{8} = 2\sqrt{2} \\ = 2.8$$

Use the information provided to write the standard form equation of each circle. Tell the center and the radius.

19)  $x^2 + y^2 + 2x - 18y + 66 = 0$

$$x^2 + 2x + \underline{1} + y^2 - 18y + \underline{81} = -66 + \underline{1} + \underline{81}$$

$$(2/2)^2 = 1^2 = 1 \quad (-18/2)^2 = (-9)^2 = 81$$

$$\boxed{(x+1)^2 + (y-9)^2 = 16}$$

$$\boxed{C: (-1, 9)} \\ r = 4$$

20)  $x^2 - 8x - 6y = -y^2 + 11$

$$x^2 - 8x + \underline{16} + y^2 - 6y + \underline{9} = 11 + \underline{16} + \underline{9}$$

$$(-8/2)^2 - (-4)^2 = 16 \quad (-6/2)^2 - (-3)^2 = 9$$

$$\boxed{(x-4)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 36}$$

$$\boxed{C: (4, 3)} \\ r = 6$$

Prove whether the given point lies on, inside, or outside of the circle.

- 21) Center: origin, containing point  $(-5, 0)$   
 Pt  $(2, 5)$   $\downarrow$   
 $(0, 0)$

$$r = \sqrt{(-5-0)^2 + (0-0)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{25+0} = \sqrt{25} = 5$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 25$$

$$(2)^2 + (5)^2 = 25$$

$$4 + 25 = 29$$

**outside**

- 23) The point  $(3, 1)$  lies on a circle whose equation is  $(x - 8)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = r^2$ . Which of the following must be the radius of the circle?

- A)  $\sqrt{5}$       B) 10      C) 25      D) 5

$$(3-8)^2 + (1-1)^2 = 25$$

$$25 + 0 = 25$$

$$r^2 = 25$$

$$r = 5$$

- 25) Given the following equation of a circle  $(x + 2)^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 9$  determine if the following points are in, on or outside the circle. Show all of your work and explain each answer.

$(-2, -2)$	$(2, 1)$	$(-3, -4)$	$(-2, 1)$
$(-2+2)^2 + (-2+2)^2 = 0 < 9$	$(2+2)^2 + (1+2)^2 = 25 > 9$	$(-3+2)^2 + (-4+2)^2 = 5 > 9$	$(-2+2)^2 + (1+2)^2 = 9 = 9$

**Identify the center and radius of each.**

26)  $x^2 + y^2 - 20x - 16y + 97 = 0$

- A) Center:  $(-10, -8)$

Radius:  $\sqrt{67}$

- B) Center:  $(-10, 8)$

Radius: 2

- C) Center:  $(10, 8)$

Radius:  $\sqrt{67}$

- D) Center:  $(6, -12)$

Radius:  $\sqrt{67}$

$$x^2 - 20x + \underline{100} + y^2 - 16y + \underline{64} = -97 + \underline{100} + \underline{64}$$

$$(x-10)^2 + (y-8)^2 = 67$$

- 22) Center: origin, containing point  $(0, 8)$   
 Pt  $(1, \sqrt{7})$   $\downarrow$   
 $(0, 0)$

$$r = \sqrt{(0-0)^2 + (0-8)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{0 + 64} = \sqrt{64} = 8$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 64$$

$$1^2 + \sqrt{7}^2 = 64$$

$$8 < 64$$

**inside**

- 24) The point  $(-12, -6)$  lies on a circle whose equation is  $(x + 5)^2 + (y + 3)^2 = r^2$ . Which of the following must be the radius of the circle?

- A)  $\sqrt{26}$   
 B) 26  
 C)  $\sqrt{58}$   
 D) 58

$$(-12+5)^2 + (-6+3)^2 = 49 + 9 = 58$$

$$r^2 = 58$$

$$r = \sqrt{58}$$

27)  $x^2 + y^2 - 32x + 6y + 261 = 0$

- A) Center:  $(3, -16)$

Radius: 4

- B) Center:  $(-16, 3)$

Radius: 4

- C) Center:  $(16, -3)$

Radius: 2

- D) Center:  $(3, 16)$

Radius: 2

$$x^2 - 32x + \underline{256} + y^2 + 6y + \underline{9} = -261 + \underline{256} + \underline{9}$$

$$(x-16)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 4$$

28)  $x^2 + y^2 - 28x + 32y + 448 = 0$

- A) Center:  $(14, -16)$   
Radius: 2

- B) Center:  $(-13, 14)$   
Radius: 2

- C) Center:  $(-14, -16)$   
Radius: 4

- D) Center:  $(-14, 16)$   
Radius: 2

$$x^2 - 28x + \underline{14^2} + y^2 + 32y + \underline{256}$$

$$= -448 + \underline{14^2} + \underline{256}$$

$$(x-14)^2 + (y+16)^2 = 4$$

29)  $x^2 + y^2 - 14x + 14y + 55 = 0$

A) Center:  $(-5, 6)$   
Radius:  $\sqrt{43}$

B) Center:  $(-7, -7)$   
Radius:  $4\sqrt{3}$

C) Center:  $(7, -7)$   
Radius:  $\sqrt{43}$

D) Center:  $(-7, -7)$   
Radius:  $\sqrt{43}$

$$x^2 - 14x + \underline{y^2} + 14y + \underline{49} = -55$$

$$+ \underline{49}$$

$$(x-7)^2 + (y+7)^2 = 43$$

30)  $(x+9)^2 + \left(y - \frac{13}{2}\right)^2 = 100$

- A) Center:  $\left(-9, \frac{13}{2}\right)$

Radius: 100

- B) Center:  $\left(-9, \frac{13}{2}\right)$

Radius: 10

- C) Center:  $\left(-9, -\frac{13}{2}\right)$

Radius: 100

- D) Center:  $\left(-\frac{13}{2}, 9\right)$

Radius: 10

31)  $(x+16)^2 + (y-8)^2 = 4$

- A) Center:  $(10, 18)$

Radius: 2

- B) Center:  $(-7, -16)$

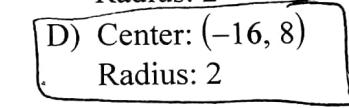
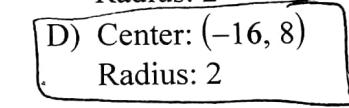
Radius: 2

- C) Center:  $(17, 10)$

Radius: 2

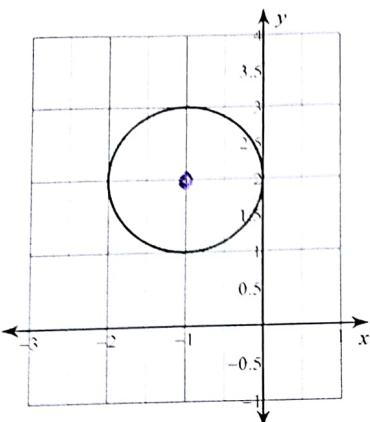
- D) Center:  $(-16, 8)$

Radius: 2



Use the information provided to write the general conic form equation of each circle.

32)



- A)  $x^2 + y^2 + 2x + 4y = 0$   
 B)  $3x^2 + y^2 - 2x - 2y = 0$   
 C)  $x^2 + y^2 + 2x - 4y + 4 = 0$   
 D)  $x^2 + y^2 + 2x + 4y + 3 = 0$

$$(x+1)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 1$$

$$x^2 + 1x + 1x + 1 + y^2 - 2y - 2y + 4 = 1$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + 2x - 4y + 4 = 0$$

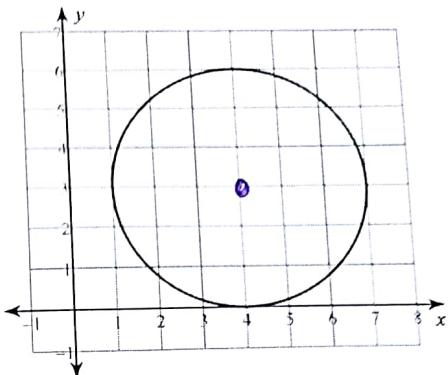
$$34) (x+3)^2 + (y+10)^2 = 36$$

$$(x+3)(x+3) \quad (y+10)(y+10)$$

$$x^2 + 3x + 3x + 9 + y^2 + 10y + 10y + 100 = 36$$

$$\boxed{x^2 + y^2 + 6x + 20y + 73 = 0}$$

33)



- A)  $4x^2 - y^2 - 8x - 6y - 14 = 0$   
 B)  $x^2 + y^2 - 8x - 6y - 56 = 0$   
 C)  $x^2 + 2y^2 - 8x - 6y + 16 = 0$   
 D)  $\underline{x^2 + y^2 - 8x - 6y + 16 = 0}$

$$(x-4)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 25$$

$$x^2 - 8x + 16 + y^2 - 6y + 9 = 25$$

$$x^2 + y^2 - 8x - 6y + 16 = 0$$

$$35) (x+5)^2 + y^2 = 144$$

$$(x+5)(x+5)$$

$$x^2 + 10x + 25 + y^2 = 144$$

$$\boxed{x^2 + y^2 + 10x - 119 = 0}$$